

The King Hussein School for Computing Sciences Department of Computer Science Structured Programming - Fall 2021

Midterm Exam

Full Name:

Student ID:

Question	Points	Score
1	10	
2	10	
3	15	
4	15	
5	20	
6	20	
Total	100	

Circle your section:

- Dr. Mohammad Al Nabhan (section 1)
- Dr. Rawan Ghnemat (section 2)
- Dr. Rawan Ghnemat (section 3)
- Dr. Mohammad Abu Snober (section 4)
- Dr. Abdullah Aref (section 5)
- Dr. Sawsan Alshatnawi (section 6)
- Dr. Mohammad Al Nabhan (section 7)

Assuming that a[] is initialized to zeros, what is the value of a[N-1] after executing the code on the left in each of the following cases?

- If N = 1
- If N = 2
- If N = 101

Question 2 (10 points)

Assume that a[] is an array of integers of size N, where N is a multiple of 2. Write a for-loop that prints the sum of pairs in the array as shown in the illustration and sample output below.

Example.	1 2	3 4	5 6	7 8
	3	7	11	15
Output.	1 + 2 =	3		
	3 + 4 =	7		
	5 + 6 =	11		
	7 + 8 =	15		

```
int num, size, temp1 = -1, temp2 = -1;
scanf("%d", &N);
for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &num); // assuming num >= 0
    if (i == 0)
        temp1 = num;
else if (num > temp1) {
        temp2 = temp1;
        temp1 = num;
    } else if (num > temp2)
        temp2 = num;
}
printf("%d", temp2);
```

What does the above code print for each of the following input sequences?

• 41211

- 11
- 100 100 99 98 97 ... 5 4 3 2 1
- 1000 followed by the numbers from 1 to 1000 but in random order.

The instructors of the structured programming lab decided to consider the grades of only the top 11 labs out of the 12 labs students did during the semester. Write a complete C program that reads the grades for the 12 labs and then prints the average grade for the highest 11 labs.

Assume that a[] is an array of integers of size N, where N is an *even* number. Write a piece of code that prints "yes" if any of the elements in the first half of the given array is also in the second half. Your code must print 0 otherwise.

Example 1.



The code prints 0, because none of the numbers in the first half is present in the second half.

Example 2.



The code prints 1, because 6 from the first half is present in the second half.

Assume that b[][] is a 2D array of characters of size NxN representing a chess board. Assume also that r and c are indices representing the position (row and column) of a rook (Ξ Ξ) on the chess board.

Write a piece of code that prints "unsafe" if there is another rook in the same column or in the same row as the rook at b[r][c]. Your code must print "safe" otherwise.

Assume that the board contains the character $\,{}^{\,\prime}\,R\,{}^{\,\prime}\,$ in a cell if there is a rook in that cell.

